

Bellevue Building Code

**Amendment Insert Pages
to the
2015 Edition
of the
IRC**

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IRC TABLE R301.2(1)

CLIMATIC AND GEOGRAPHIC DESIGN CRITERIA

Ground Snow Load	WIND DESIGN		Seismic Design Category ^f	SUBJECT TO DAMAGE FROM			Winter Design Temp ^e	Ice Barrier Under-layment Required ^h	Flood Hazards ^g	Air Freezing Index ⁱ	Mean Annual Temp ^j
	Speed ^d (mph)	Topographic Effects ^k		Weathering ^a	Frost line depth ^b	Termite ^c					
25 (roof snow load shall also be 25 psf unless proven otherwise by the licensed structural engineer-of-record.)	110	NO	D2	MODERATE	12"	Slight to Moderate	22	NO	March 12, 1974 entry into National Flood Insurance Program. Current maps dated May 16, 1995 entitled "The Flood Insurance Study for King County"	170	51

For SI: 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa, 1 mile per hour = 0.447 m/s.

a. Weathering may require a higher strength concrete or grade of masonry than necessary to satisfy the structural requirements of this code. The weathering column shall be filled in with the weathering index (i.e., "negligible," "moderate" or "severe") for concrete as determined from the Weathering Probability Map [Figure R301.2(3)]. The grade of masonry units shall be determined from ASTM C 34, C 55, C 62, C 73, C 90, C 129, C 145, C 216 or C 652.

b. The frost line depth may require deeper footings than indicated in Figure R403.1(1). The jurisdiction shall fill in the frost line depth column with the minimum depth of footing below finish grade.

c. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table to indicate the need for protection depending on whether there has been a history of local subterranean termite damage.

d. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the wind speed from the basic wind speed map [Figure R301.2(4)A]. Wind exposure category shall be determined on a site-specific basis in accordance with Section R301.2.1.4.

e. The outdoor design dry-bulb temperature shall be selected from the columns of 97 1/2-percent values for winter from Appendix D of the International Plumbing Code. Deviations from the Appendix D temperatures shall be permitted to reflect local climates or local weather experience as determined by the building official.

f. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the Seismic Design Category determined from Section R301.2.2.1.

g. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with (a) the date of the jurisdiction's entry into the National Flood Insurance Program (date of adoption of the first code or ordinance for management of flood hazard areas), (b) the date(s) of the Flood Insurance Study and (c) the panel numbers and dates of all currently effective FIRMs and FBFMs or other flood hazard map adopted by the authority having jurisdiction, as amended.

h. In accordance with Sections R905.2.7.1, R905.4.3.1, R905.5.3.1, R905.6.3.1, R905.7.3.1 and R905.8.3.1, where there has been a history of local damage from the effects of ice damming, the jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with "YES." Otherwise, the jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with "NO."

i. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the 100-year return period air freezing index (BF-days) from Figure R403.3(2) or from the 100-year (99 percent) value on the National Climatic Data Center data table "Air Freezing Index-USA Method (Base 32° Fahrenheit)" at www.ncdc.noaa.gov/fpsf.html.

j. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the mean annual temperature from the National Climatic Data Center data table "Air Freezing Index-USA Method (Base 32°F)" at www.ncdc.noaa.gov/fpsf.html.

k. In accordance with Section R301.2.1.5, where there is local historical data documenting structural damage to buildings due to topographic wind speed-up effects, the jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with "YES." Otherwise, the jurisdiction shall indicate "NO" in this part of the table.

l. In accordance with Figure R301.2(4) A, where there is local historical data documenting unusual wind conditions, the jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with "YES" and identify any specific requirements. Otherwise, the jurisdiction shall indicate "NO" in this part of the table. The City of Bellevue has "NO" requirements for unusual wind conditions.

m. In accordance with Section R301.2.1.2.1, the jurisdiction shall indicate the wind-borne debris wind zone(s). Otherwise, the jurisdiction shall indicate "NO" in this part of the table. The City of Bellevue has "NO" requirements for wind-borne debris wind zones.

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R322.1.4 Establishing the design flood elevation. The design flood elevation shall be used to define flood hazard areas. At a minimum, the design flood elevation shall be one foot above the higher of the following:

1. The base flood elevation at the depth of peak elevation of flooding, including wave height, that has a 1 percent (100-year flood) or greater chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year, or
2. The elevation of the design flood associated with the area designated on a flood hazard map as identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in an engineering report entitled "The Flood Insurance Study for King County," dated May 16, 1995, as amended or revised with the accompanying Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) and Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (FBFM) and related supporting data along with any revisions thereto. The adopted flood hazard map and supporting data are hereby adopted by reference and declared to be part of this section.

R322.1.4.1 Determination of design flood elevations. If design flood elevations are not specified, the Building Official is authorized to require the applicant to:

1. Obtain and reasonably use data available from a federal, state or other source; or
2. Determine the design flood elevation and/or floodway in accordance with the City of Bellevue LUC 20.25H.175A and Engineering Standards, Section D4-04.5, "Floodplain/Floodway Analysis" to define special flood hazard areas. Determinations shall be undertaken by a registered *design professional* who shall document that the technical methods used reflect currently accepted engineering practice in accordance with accepted hydrologic and hydraulic engineering practices used to define special flood hazard areas. Studies, analyses and computations shall be submitted in sufficient detail to allow thorough review and approval.

R322.1.4.2 Determination of impacts. In riverine flood hazard areas where design flood elevations are specified but floodways have not been designated, the applicant shall provide a floodway analysis that demonstrates that the proposed work will meet the City of Bellevue Engineering Standards, Section D4-04.5, "Floodplain/Floodway Analysis."

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U101.1 General. These provisions shall only be applicable for new construction where the building owner voluntarily elects to construct a solar-ready installation.

POINT OF INFORMATION

Please insert this amendment into your 2015 ISPSC

23.16.010 Barrier requirements – Specifications.

The following requirements shall apply to all outdoor swimming pools, spas and hot tubs associated with one- and two- family residential dwellings heretofore or hereafter constructed or presently under construction within the city. Each such pool, spa, or hot tub shall be enclosed with a pool or yard fence, designed per Section 305 of the 2015 International Swimming Pool and Spa Code, whichever shall apply to the primary use and structure with which the pool, spa, or hot tub is associated.

Exception: Any outdoor swimming pool, spa or hot tub which was constructed prior to adoption of the International Building Code or the International Residential Code under Chapter 23.10 BCC under this chapter need not comply with the terms of this section if such swimming pool, hot tub or spa is enclosed with a pool or yard fence which complies with the applicable Bellevue City Code provision regarding pool, spa, or hot tub enclosures which was in effect at the time the enclosure was constructed.

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